

POLICE GUARD PRO-BOERS.

ANGRY PATRIOTS SWARM AROUND QUEEN'S HALL IN LONDON.

Series rioting prevented the meeting. Resolutions denouncing the Government's conduct of the war, and the Government's policy in the South African war, were passed in the hall. Some persons injured in the crush outside—crowd cheers for Robert, Chamberlain and Miller.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.
LONDON, June 19.—Thousands of angry patriots gathered to-night in the neighborhood of Queen's Hall as a protest against the pro-Boer meeting at which the alleged friends of the women and children's camps in South Africa were described, and only the presence of a strong force of police prevented serious rioting.

Posters announcing the meeting have been displayed throughout the city for several days. They were headed: "Patriots, take heed!" They announced that Henry Labouchere would preside, and that among the speakers would be Messrs. Sauer and Merfman, pro-Boer members of the last Cape Colony Ministry, and Dr. Gavin Brown Clark, the ex-member of Parliament and former Consul-General of the Transvaal, who in the autumn of 1899 advised the Boers to occupy the Natal passes as the first operation of the war.

Great opposition to the meeting was at once aroused, many contending that there is no other city in the world which would permit such a demonstration while bloodshed is still in progress, and that, therefore, the police should prevent its being held. Conservative papers in their issues to-day invited citizens to break up the meeting.

The "Globe" said: "We trust that the friends of the Boer will be made to see how foolish it is to try to hold such a meeting in London. In view of the opposition the police took extra precautions, and the promoters of the meeting engaged 500 to 800 stewards to be in attendance at 6:30 P. M. The jingo newspapers described these men as gas stokers and navvies who were chosen for muscle than for brains."

It was announced during the day that all the tickets for the meeting had been sold. Long before 7 o'clock the doors were closed and no applicants, whether with or without tickets, were allowed to enter the hall. A large crowd thronged the street and the adjacent thoroughfares, but both sides of the street were lined with police, standing shoulder to shoulder and a large posse patrolled the middle of the road, making every one move on. The disappointed patriots banged the doors, sang "God Save the King" and "Rule Britannia" and cheered constantly. A heavy rain was falling.

Just before the doors were closed the crowd made a rush. The doors were thrown back violently and the glass panels smashed. Many persons suffered from contusions, from kicks and blows and some needed surgical assistance. Several women fainted and were rescued with difficulty.

Many who were opposed to the objects of the meeting thus gained access to the hall and caused an uproar. The stewards were kept busy throughout the evening.

The meeting ended without any of the grave consequences which were at one time threatened. This would not have been so but for the presence of the police, hundreds of whom, mounted and afoot, prevented the great bulk of the crowd, which was estimated at from 12,000 to 15,000, from rushing into the hall.

As it was, the speakers got a hearing, although they were constantly and noisily interrupted by a considerable minority of those present. There were frequent objections by the stewards, who gradually thinned the opponents of the meeting.

Finally the majority carried resolutions condemning the Government for its policy in South Africa and demanding that an immediate offer of terms of peace be made to the Boers, this offer to include a promise of complete independence.

Meanwhile, there was considerable disorder outside the hall and, in spite of the rain, thousands of persons stood cheering for Earl Roberts, Lord Kitchener, Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Lord Milner. They waved flags and constantly tried to rush the hall. The police charged the mob several times and some persons were injured.

Just before the meeting closed the police pushed the crowd back and cleared all approaches to the hall. In this way the speakers and the audience were able to leave without being molested, except by hooting from the crowd.

Mr. Merfman, one of the Cape anti-war speakers, was unable to be present owing to illness.

THE GOVERNMENT'S DEFENSE.

Mr. Balfour Answers the Charges of Cruelty in the Detention Camps.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, June 19.—In a speech in London tonight the Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury and Government leader in the House of Commons, referred to the charges of barbarity to women and children in the British concentration camps in South Africa.

Mr. Balfour said that naturally it was the general desire that these people should possess every comfort, but it was an absolute military necessity to clear certain parts of the country. This could only be done by removing provisions and stock from farms and leaving the women and children to starve or taking them to the camps where they could be provided with food and shelter.

These necessities had been provided while the Government was feeling, under the most difficult circumstances, a great strain upon two or three single lines of railway, and the husband and brothers of the refugees were trying to get out.

Was it to be wondered at, Mr. Balfour said, that everything could not be done immediately and with facility? Was the Government to be blamed for not giving aid to the refugees better ratios than to those who were fighting for Great Britain's freedom?

He did not believe that in the history of the world a war of this kind had ever been conducted with humanity approaching that which characterized the present struggle.

He said that under the circumstances the British soldiers should be accused of fighting on this war by barbarous methods.

GIRLS MIMICKED THE PRINCIPAL.

Four Young Women of a Normal School Disciplined for Being Irreverent.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 19.—Miss Mary Williams of South Norwalk, Conn., a member of the junior class in the State Normal School in this city, was expelled from the school to-day and Miss Helen Flyn of South Norwalk and Miss Helen Flyn of South Norwalk were suspended till next February, because they mimicked Arthur B. Morrill, principal of the school, on Monday morning while he was conducting a devotion service in the chapel. It was stated that some of the juniors hummed Yale's "Boo! Boo!" song while Principal Morrill was reading passages from the Bible.

This is one of the most serious cases of discipline in the State Normal School since its establishment a few years ago, and for a time it looked as if the entire junior class of young women who are qualifying to teach in the public schools would stand suspended until the guilty ones confessed to the principal.

As soon as Principal Morrill concluded the devotion service, he asked the juniors to hold the certificates of the result of the junior class examinations until the irreverent young women gave their names to him, or until he could discover the girls. The innocent girls made a vigorous protest against such arbitrary action. Not a junior would disclose the names.

In some way Mr. Morrill learned who were responsible for the Monday disturbance and took immediate action. He wouldn't permit the four young women a word in their own defense.

SHOT AT A. R. SHEPHERD.

Former Governor of Washington Has a Close Call From a Mexican Assassin.

EL PASO, Tex., June 19.—A. R. Shepherd, formerly Governor of the District of Columbia, had a narrow escape from death at the hands of an assassin a few days ago. The incident occurred at Shepherd's mine, near Botopias, Mexico, and the details of the affair were told here to-day by G. W. Britton, one of the several American residents of the town.

Mr. Shepherd was walking alone some distance from his mine when he was approached by a Mexican who came toward him, calling for help, but the Mexican sprang from his hiding place and continued to shoot from his rifle as fast as he could. Mr. Shepherd was hit in the arm and leg, but he was unhurt and as he sprang toward the doorway the Mexican fired a final shot and fled.

A band of Mexican Rurals pursued the would-be assassin and captured him next day. A detachment of the United States Army was sent to the mine to see that the prisoner was taken to Chihuahua, and it is believed that the soldiers had secret instructions to give the prisoner a chance to escape before reaching the place. Mr. Shepherd is popular in Mexico, and the incident has created a great excitement in the region where he resided.

HERE'S A STRIKERS' VICTORY.

Mary Jane McMahon, Their Victim, Taken to the Morris Plains Asylum.

PATKINSON, N. J., June 19.—Mary Jane McMahon was removed to the Morris Plains Asylum to-day in the care of Constable Thomas Jewett. Miss McMahon sang and talked a good deal in the morning at the jail, but was tractable until she was told to fix herself up to take the journey. She knelt what was proposed to her and she obeyed. Her behavior was very strange and noisy. The constable had no trouble with her on the way.

MOSS RAIDING AGAIN DOWN-TOWN.

Depends on a Poolroom 200 Feet From Capt. Creamer's Station and Nabs a Few Browns.

A poolroom at 31 South street, which is said to be the headquarters of a gang of people who go to and from their work by way of the Wall street ferry, was raided yesterday afternoon by Frank Moss and a dozen detectives of the Society for the Prevention of Crime. The raiders had four other men with them, and they were looking for "Dark Brown," "Light Brown," "Sandy Brown" and "Bill Brown," the alleged proprietors, and the raiders got four men who, they said, were the "Browns" they were looking for.

The poolroom was on the third floor of the Hotel Everett. The raiders, headed by Capt. Creamer, went to the poolroom at 3:30 P. M. On the stairs were three look-outs who were overpowered. Several bottles of beer were broken and the men were arrested. The raiders found a large quantity of beer and a large quantity of money. They were taken to the Old Slip station, 200 feet away from the poolroom.

There were two telephones, one in the poolroom and one in the room above. Mr. Moss said he had heard of the place through a private source. The police had been looking for the place for some time.

Just before the meeting closed the police pushed the crowd back and cleared all approaches to the hall. In this way the speakers and the audience were able to leave without being molested, except by hooting from the crowd.

BATTLESHIP THROUGH HELL GATE.

The Massachusetts Will Correct Her Company in the Sound.

The battleship Massachusetts in command of Capt. Maney will leave the navy yard in Brooklyn to-day for a trial trip on Long Island Sound and at the same time will correct her company in the Sound.

Sound through Hell Gate, which is a novelty so far as the big naval ships are concerned. "I know it is customary for battleships to go out through the Narrows," said Capt. Maney, when he was asked why he was taking the ship out of the harbor. "But it is a novelty to go out through the Narrows."

He said that he would go out of the harbor and he would go out of the harbor. He said that he would go out of the harbor and he would go out of the harbor. He said that he would go out of the harbor and he would go out of the harbor.

FORMER PRISONER'S VICTIM DIES.

Adams, Who Shot Detroit Jesuit, Says He Was Temporarily Insane.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—Dr. John G. Jessup, the dentist who was shot last Monday evening in Berkeley by Charles G. Adams, a former journalist and Episcopal minister, Adams has returned home and changed his tactics of defense. He now says he was crazy when he committed the murder and he is now sane. He is now sane and he is now sane.

Saloonkeeper Outwitted Mr. Rockefeller.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., June 19.—John D. Rockefeller has not rid himself of John Melin, the saloonkeeper who conducts a saloon on property adjoining Mr. Rockefeller's. The Anti-Saloon League brought charges against Melin last week and had his license revoked. It now appears that the license the League had cancelled was an old one expired on April 30. Mr. Melin has now a new license and will continue in business.

The Direct Route to the Far East

Is through Chicago and San Francisco, by the Overland Limited, leaving New York for Chicago at 1:30 P. M., and for San Francisco at 1:30 P. M. All Pullman parlor cars, including an observation car, are included in the fare.

White Mountain

Is open at Jefferson, N. H., now open, A. A. S.

SLEUTH PLAYS BURGLAR.

SCENIC BUT FUTILE WHACKS AT THE THORPEY MURDER SECRET.

Miss Thorpey Turns Detective—All Young Men of Tuckahoe Before the Grand Jury—Detective's Dramatic Entrance in His Real Capacity—But There's No Indictment.

WHITE PLAINS, June 19.—Despite the efforts of Miss Margaret Thorpey, who turned detective to run down the murderer of her brother, Thomas H. Thorpey, and several thrilling plots laid by New York sleuths to catch him, he is still at large. The Westchester Grand Jury adjourned this afternoon without finding an indictment. In true detective style the detectives employed by District Attorney George C. Andrews assume the roles of burglar, highwayman and thief in order to throw the crooks of Tuckahoe off the scent, and though with the aid of Miss Thorpey valuable evidence was secured, yet when the witnesses were brought before the Grand Jury to-day they all refused to say anything that would throw any light on the murder.

In all forty-one young men of Tuckahoe were before the Grand Jury. Some of these same witnesses had given the detectives information which pointed to the guilt of a certain man, yet when brought before the jury they denied it.

Thorpey was found lying unconscious in Tuckahoe, at midnight on Feb. 11. His skull was fractured, his neck was broken and his pockets were inside out. Miss Thorpey learned that her brother had been in a gambling house that night and won \$17. District Attorney Andrews declares that witnesses perjured themselves for the sole purpose of protecting the guilty ones and some of them will be prosecuted for perjury.

S. E. Cosgrove, one of the sleuths employed by Prosecutor Andrews, masqueraded as a burglar and succeeded in making friends with the tough element of Tuckahoe. On two occasions Cosgrove got up a party of four young men to rob the residence of Henry Leonard, but each time the job was put off when they reached the house, because Cosgrove had to save some one by a window. The detective gained valuable information on each trip and practically learned who murdered Thorpey.

Once he was arrested at Mount Vernon for carrying burglars' tools, it being all a prearranged plan with District Attorney Andrews. He was released, however, and went back to Tuckahoe to run down the crooks and no one knew he was a detective until to-day. On one of his trips he and two of the men under suspicion held another detective and robbed him, and by this plan he unearthed a band of robbers and burglars who have been haunting near Tuckahoe. District Attorney Andrews knows who these men are and their arrest may follow.

A dramatic sequel to the twelve weeks' hunt for the assassin, Cosgrove rushed into District Attorney Andrews' office to-day when all the witnesses were lined up before the Grand Jury, including John Forrest, who was supposed to be the star witness for the prosecution. The witnesses were startled when Cosgrove pointed his finger at Forrest and exclaimed: "That's the man!"

"You thought I was a burglar. I am an officer. I have got you. Now tell who is the man?"

Forrest failed to tell. It was learned to-day that the toughs have a secret organization and that it goes hard with any one who betrays them.

Miss Margaret Thorpey was present at this scene before the Grand Jury men. Miss Thorpey is tall and stately and has dark hair and eyes. She is a native of Tuckahoe and has been living in New York since her brother's death.

It is out of a sense of justice that I want the guilty parties who are responsible for my brother's death to be brought to trial. I want my terrible death revenge. I was before the Grand Jury yesterday and I told all I knew. It was the truth and I earnestly hoped an indictment would be found, but his former friends told the jury falsehoods. There is not an iota of truth in what they said. I was a few dollars in a gambling room. Yet when he was found his pockets were inside out and his body was covered with blood. An effort was made to hush up the whole matter, but I am determined to run down every clue. The failure of the jury to indict is not the end. I will devote the rest of my life if necessary to running down Tom's assassins."

NEW ATTACK ON STANDARD OIL.

Mr. Monnett Charges John D. Rockefeller With "Scandalous Misrepresentation."

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The fight against the Standard Oil Company, which was waged with such bitterness before the Industrial Commission last year, has been renewed by the filing with the commission of a number of affidavits concerning the alleged iniquitous methods of the oil trust in dealing with competitors. One of the affidavits, submitted by Attorney-General Charles McManis, is in reply, as stated by Mr. Monnett, to the "scandalous misrepresentations" of John D. Rockefeller of the Standard Oil Company.

Mr. Monnett's affidavit says in part that the Standard Oil Company, the Ohio Oil Company, the Solar Oil Company and the Standard Oil Company of Ohio have not "correctly" obeyed the obligations imposed upon them by the laws of the State, and that each and every one has openly and notoriously violated their duties to the public. The charges of such violation and the interrogatories thereto attached, other than filing affidavits to their denial, which affidavits stand in open and notorious defiance of the State laws.

I charged them before the Supreme Court. Mr. Monnett says with attempting to bribe the Hon. H. R. Waters, former Attorney-General, and himself as Attorney-General, and being failing testimony to establish the charges, and if the court would not investigate they would on the day I began to take the testimony to establish every allegation in reference to the Standard Oil Company, showing how the \$400,000 was offered, and showing how \$100,000 was offered to the Standard Oil Company.

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BROWN GETS ITS \$300,000.

More Than Enough Money Raised for the University's Endowment Fund.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 19.—At the commencement dinner at Brown University this afternoon President Faunce announced that more than the desired \$200,000 endowment had been raised and the fund was increasing almost every hour. This announcement was almost beyond the fondest hopes of many of the alumni, and when the news was heard there followed congratulations in all parts of the building and the name of Brown and President Faunce were cheered for several minutes.

The movement to raise an endowment of \$200,000 was started about three years ago. The second million, like the first, was raised upon the foundation laid by the gift of John D. Rockefeller, upon the condition that the university should raise the remainder of the million. This second gift was \$250,000. The gift of John D. Rockefeller, not including the John Carter Brown library of valuable books, raised the fund to about \$500,000. Recently gifts of \$100,000, \$15,000 and \$20,000 have come in from many sources, until an amount exceeding the second million has been subscribed.

The John Carter Brown library, which was recently given to the university, is not considered in the endowment, and the value of this collection of choice literature cannot be estimated. From the manner in which the gifts are coming at present, it would seem that the gift of a third million would not be a difficult task.

MAY TIE UP WHOLE C. P. R. SYSTEM.

Trackmen Say They Expect All Allied Unions to Join in the Strike.

TORONTO, Ont., June 19.—The strike of the trackmen on the Canadian Pacific Railway is still unsettled. It is said now that it may possibly affect the whole C. P. R. system if it is not soon settled.

Some strikers say that it is very probable that the Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen and Trainmen, the Order of Railway Telegraphers and all allied unions will join with the trackmen and completely tie up the system. The strikers state that it is all very well for the C. P. R. to say that it will pay the \$1.50 a day rate to Western trackmen, but that rate is not paid to the men in the East. The men in the West need extra pay to meet the additional expense of living.

CONVULSION, B. C., June 19.—The first trouble with the 3,000 striking trackmen on the Canadian Pacific Railway to quit the British Columbia to-day at Revelstoke. Non-union men were attacked with sticks and stones by the strikers. The men have been angered by the report that trackmen are being brought by the railroad company from the United States to work on the C. P. R. contrary to the Contract Labor Law of Canada.

HEALTH OFFICIAL INDICTED.

Dr. Obed L. Lusk Charged With Neglect of Duty in Queens Smuggling Scandal.

Dr. Obed L. Lusk, Deputy Sanitary Superintendent of the Health Department in the borough of Queens, was indicted by the Queens County Grand Jury yesterday on a charge of neglect of duty. The indictment is based on the death of John Charles Charlton, a young man who was found dead in a rooming house, for fifty-two hours after his death. When the body was finally taken away in an open wagon his family were driven home to the street. Charlton was reported to the health authorities, but he was not removed and died while his wife and children stood around his bed, hungry and ill.

Dr. Lusk will appear before Justice Maddox this morning in the Supreme Court at Long Island City and give bail. He will not be arrested. Besides the indictment against Dr. Lusk the Grand Jury made a presentment to Justice Maddox severely criticizing the methods in vogue in the Queens health office, and demanding that the Board of Health take immediate steps to stop the scandal in Queens.

WAS SUSPENDED FROM THE REAR CAR.

Miss Taylor's Clothing Caught the Airbrakes and Stopped the Train.

RICHMOND, Va., June 19.—Miss Lucy J. Taylor of this city last night was one of a thousand persons composing the Sunday school picnic party of Union Station Methodist Church yesterday returning from Buckle Creek, a long and tiring journey. A pupil ran to the rear of the train and saw the train started suddenly, and she went head first through the guard rails out of sight.

The train had reached full speed, but it came to a sudden stop, throwing the children and adults and giving bail. Taylor's clothing caught the airbrakes and stopped the train. Besides the indictment against Dr. Lusk the Grand Jury made a presentment to Justice Maddox severely criticizing the methods in vogue in the Queens health office, and demanding that the Board of Health take immediate steps to stop the scandal in Queens.

ROCKEFELLER'S GIFT TO CORNELL.

Contributes \$250,000 on Condition That the University Be Named in Its Honor.

ITHACA, N. Y., June 19.—At the meeting of the Board of Trustees of Cornell University to-day, President Schurman presented a letter from John D. Rockefeller giving \$250,000 to the university on condition that the university be named in its honor. President Schurman said that before making the gift Mr. Rockefeller had spent three days inspecting the university and examining carefully the work of the institution.

The gift was treated as an investment for the benefit of mankind, and the same care was taken to secure it as if it were a gift of money. The money will be used in providing additional accommodations for instruction and research. The expansion of the university has in recent years been so great that all departments are now crowded to their utmost limits. It is expected that new buildings will be erected for the departments of physics and chemistry, and the present moment the campus is torn up by the construction of two new buildings for mechanical engineering.

The prospects now are that the attendance next year will be considerably larger than ever before.

DR. PEARSONS GIVES \$200,000 TO BELMONT COLLEGE.

The Gift Is Made on Condition That the University Be Named in Its Honor.

CHICAGO, June 19.—It was announced to-day by Dr. D. C. Pearson, the millionaire philanthropist of this city, that he has decided to give to Belmont College \$200,000 in addition to his previous donations. Some time ago Dr. Pearson had limited to Belmont authorities that this would be on condition that \$500,000 have been raised by the university. The condition has now been fulfilled. The \$500,000 has been raised by the university. The condition has now been fulfilled. The \$500,000 has been raised by the university.

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DROWNED SWIMMING FOR FREEDOM.

Lunatic From Randall's Island Went Under in the Night of His Escape.

William Egan, a homeless insane patient, was drowned last night while trying to swim the East River to Astoria to escape from Randall's Island. He was sent to the island from the outdoor Poor Bureau two months ago. Last night he slipped past the attendants, ran to the shore, untied a rope and jumped into the river. He swam out about fifty feet. Then he went down with a cry. The attendants got a boat and rowed out to him, but he had sunk. His body was recovered and taken to the morgue.

Reports in the Green Mountains.

Boat of A. Redstone, S. Pass 1st, 355 1/2 Way.

WOMAN CHOOSES A MAYOR.

JUDGE GEORGE T. SMITH'S WIFE PLANS IN JERSEY CITY.

She Is Ambitious, and Her Father Is Millionaire. E. C. Young, Bob Davis's Close Friend—No Judge Smith Supports Col. Smith as Democratic Mayoralty Candidate.

A woman has succeeded in nominating the next Mayor of Jersey City. In Jersey City, as in all parts of the overwhelmingly Democratic county of Hudson, the Democratic County Committee is absolute in the naming of candidates for all offices and the Democratic County Committee takes its cue from its leader, Bob Davis.

The term of Mayor Hoos of Jersey City is to expire in the fall. The Mayor was ambitious to serve a third term, but he had not done all things to Leader Davis's liking, and a decree went forth that he should be turned down. President Davis gave it out that Col. Robert O. Smith of the Fourth Regiment, and an official of the Cunard Steamship Company, would make an admirable successor to Hoos. All the committeemen said "Amen," and Mr. Davis told Col. Smith that he was doomed to be the president of the Jersey City Municipal Council in the fall of next November.

Other aspirants sent their friends to the leader in the hope of inducing him to change his mind, but to all he said Col. Smith was the man and that there was no use of saying anything further about it.

Yesterday, Jersey City, and in fact all of Hudson county, was startled by the announcement of a sudden and wholly unexpected change in the situation. Mr. Davis and his city committeemen had met the night before and talked about the Mayoralty nomination. The committeemen had supposed that the thing had been irrevocably fixed, and they were surprised to find that it was Mr. Davis who initiated the further discussion. He canvassed the claims of other aspirants as if it had not been understood for a year that Col. Smith was to be the candidate.

"Well, gentlemen," he said, finally, "I am for Smith still, but not Col. Smith. I have talked with the Colonel and he thinks he can afford to wait till the next time to sit in the executive chair. He has authorized me to say that he is willing to step out of the way for Mr. George T. Smith. I hope you will see your way to making Mr. George T. Smith the next Mayor of Jersey City."

As Mr. Smith has been a Court of Errors and Appeals Judge, the committeemen recognized the name at once. But the circumstance that most impressed them was that Mr. George T. Smith is the son-in-law of Edward F. C. Young, the millionaire President of the First National Bank of Jersey City, whose friendship for Mr. Davis has won him recognition as the power behind the throne in Hudson county politics.

The committeemen were all polled and they all stood in favor of Mr. Young's son-in-law. "A woman made that nomination sure enough," said a member of the County Committee last evening. "Mr. Young has two children. One of these is the daughter whom George Smith married twelve or fifteen years ago. Mr. Young dates on that young woman. She is the apple of his eye. Mr. Smith was only a Pennsylvania Railroad clerk at the time of the wedding. But since then Mr. Young has made him Vice-President of his national bank, a director of the Title Guaranty and Trust Company, the President of the Children's Home, to which Mr. Young gave five hundred bonds a few weeks ago, and through his influence made him a Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals a few years ago."

"Now, this young woman is ambitious," the committeemen went on. "She has wanted her father to be Governor and United States Senator and all kinds of things. But he is so busy making money that much as he would like to please her, he can't find time to look for mere honors. So she has made up her mind that if she can't be the daughter of a Governor, she will be a Governor's wife."

The first step toward that is to make her husband Mayor of Jersey City. They tell a pretty story of how she pleaded with her father to ask Mr. Davis to make George Mayor, and how the old gentleman pleasantly laughed her away with assurance that the office had already been given away to Col. Robert Smith.

"But one day recently he jokingly suggested to Mr. Davis that Mr. Smith might be as good as another in the campaign, and asked what was the matter with George. He hardly indited it even as a hint. He said, 'The first step toward that is to make her husband Mayor of Jersey City. They tell a pretty story of how she pleaded with her father to ask Mr. Davis to make George Mayor, and how the old gentleman pleasantly laughed her away with assurance that the office had already been given away to Col. Robert Smith.'

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